

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

No 79, Vol. 2.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1862.

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The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, DEC. 24.

THE LAND SYSTEM.

We bespeak the indulgence of that class of our readers to whom the subject is uninteresting while we resume the consideration of a new land system for British Columbia.

Next, in order of importance to the provision for giving a free grant of a homestead to every bona fide settler, stands the general division of the country into Districts or Counties, and Townships, with the survey of base, or concession, lines. As this is a point upon which a good deal has already appeared in these columns we need not now stop to enter into detail. Nor, indeed, is it necessary; as it must be obvious to the most superficial observer that without this the best land system would lead to interminable confusion, conflict and litigation. To understand this it is only necessary to look at the result, in that regard, of our present pre-emption law. In the absence of any divisions or main lines to serve as a guide, the pre-emptor walks forth into the trackless forest or over the open prairie until his eye rests upon a spot that suits his fancy. He puts in his stakes without the slightest regard to the points of the compass, or the facilitation of uniformity in those who may follow, having regard only to include the choicest land in his own allotment. Another comes along and does likewise; and so on till the whole neighborhood is taken up. And when it comes to be surveyed it is found that these lots are an unsightly, zig-zag mass, not any two of them lying parallel with each other, and, moreover, little goes and shapeless bits intervening. And thus, instead of that uniformity which is of such vital importance in laying out a new Colony, we shall find ourselves involved in tangled confusion which it will be impossible fully to rectify.

It is absolutely necessary, not only for the sake of attaining uniformity, but for facilitating the settlement of the country, that such survey should be made. Were this done, and a plan of each County, showing the different ranges of lots, accompanied by such "field notes" as would be obtained in the course of the survey, and also showing the occupied lots, placed in the office of the Assistant Commissioner in each County, and, in addition to this, a general plan comprising the whole hung up in the office of the Chief Commissioner, those who desired to locate land would be enabled to do so easily, intelligently and correctly. In the present shape of things it is utterly impossible for the intending settler to obtain the necessary information. If he goes to the Chief Commissioner he is told that the whole thing is in the hands of the local Magistrates, to whom he is referred, and thus the Land Office with its Chief Commissioner are, as far as any practical purpose is concerned, but the "baseless fabric of a vision." He goes to the Magistrate but to be told that, "My business is not to give you information or advice, but simply to register your application, without any reference to its merits." And thus the poor man is tossed from pillar to post, and, unless possessed of more than ordinary perseverance, turns away in disgust to seek a home in some other country. Is this the way we should receive and treat that very class of settlers which it is most important to secure? Have we any right to expect that under such an arrangement our wild lands will be settled up? And this leads us to consider the third point, viz. the necessity of having a thorough and complete machinery for working out the land system, whereby the Chief Commissioner being the head in fact as well as in name, all the subordinate officers shall be responsible to, and thereby work in harmony with, their head, and consequently with each other. Of this organized harmony the present system is totally destitute; and the dire result of this disorganized state of things will manifest itself one of these days in a long catalogue of cases in which the local Magistrates have given possession, and created claims which the Chief Commissioner will, in the discharge of his duty, be compelled to disallow. As the matter now stands the Chief Commissioner is not known at all, is completely ignored throughout the preliminary process. But when it comes to surveying the land and issuing a title he is supreme, and steps in and, in many instances, decides that the Magistrate has done wrong; and the consequence is that the settler after occupying and improving what he regarded as his homestead is unable to consummate his claim, and is obliged to abandon it altogether. Now this is certainly a most injurious and unwise state of things, and should not be permitted to continue.

There are many other points which, although

of subordinate importance, we should like to discuss, but which we are compelled from want of space to leave for a future occasion. Before taking leave of this most important subject, however, we would again urge the Government to set about the formation of a new land system at once so that it may be available for next season's immigration. There is no use in tinkering at the old one. Far cheaper and better every way to commence de novo.

Victoria Advertisements.

THE
Victoria Exchange Reading
AND
NEWS ROOM
WILL BE OPENED ABOUT THE 25TH NONEMBER, INSTANT, in the large room specially building in MR. MATTHESEN'S New
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Newspapers and Magazines from all parts of the world. Mining information direct from Cariboo once a week. Shipping and Mercantile information. A separate room is destined for a Chess Room, &c., and Smoking Room.
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The Bank receives Money and Gold Dust on Deposit returnable on demand, undertakes the Purchase and Sale of Stock, the Collection of Bills, and other money business, in the United States and British Provinces.
J. G. SHEPHERD,
Manager.
Victoria, V. I. oct18 1m

Furniture! Furniture!!

BY LATE ARRIVALS the undersigned have received additions to their hitherto well-assorted stock of Furniture, and now offer
Painted Sets—10 pieces;
Extension Tables—8 and 10 feet long;
Centre Tables—serpentine; and round tops, assorted sizes;
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Bureaus—one-half marble top, scroll, and painted pine, four and six drawers;
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Pulu, curled hair, moss, wool, and straw mattresses, best leather pillows, all sizes; in the manufacture of which we use only the best materials, and guarantee all our work.
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Victoria V. I. no21-1c

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GOLD DUST AND BARS purchased, or advances made on the same.
JAMES D. WALKER, Manager.
New Westminster, September 25, 1862. sc27

ST. GEORGE HOTEL.
VIEW STREET.
BETWEEN BROAD & DOUGLAS,
VICTORIA, V. I.
THIS ELEGANT BRICK HOTEL
WILL BE OPEN for the reception of the public, at 7 P. M., on SATURDAY EVENING, October 25th.
The Proprietor having engaged the services of a
SUPERIOR FRENCH COOK,
the Culinary department
CANNOT BE SURPASSED.
Breakfast from 7 A. M. to 12 M.
Table d'Hôte at 6 P. M.
Board per Week: \$12.
Suites of Rooms or Single Rooms on reasonable terms.
Victoria, V. I., oct27 1m

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Counting House, Official, Printers,
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Of every conceivable style and quality, STAPLE and FANCY.
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Of various sizes, weights, textures, and colors;
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HIBBEN & CARSWELL,
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—FOR—
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE.
CAPITAL, \$10,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES, Liverpool and London.
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ANDERSON & CO.,
Wharf Street.
Victoria, 21st November, 1862. no29 1c

Victoria Advertisements.

BRITISH COLUMBIA AND VICTORIA EXPRESS COMPANY.

Victoria to Cariboo,
Her Majesty's Mails.

THIS COMPANY will make regular trips, Summer and Winter, between Anker City and Victoria, dispatching Messengers to all the Mining Camps in
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Carrying Treasure, Letters, Papers and Valuables. Purchasing Drafts on San Francisco, New York, Canada and London, executing Commissions, making Collections, passing Goods through the Customs, Forwarding, and transacting the business of Expressmen generally; calling at all Cities, Towns, and Wayside Houses on BOTH THE
Douglas-Lillooet & Yale-Lytton Routes.
Traders ordering Goods may avail themselves of the services of this Company to advantage. Orders handed to any of the Messengers will be executed by Mr. Barnard personally, who has had considerable experience in the Victoria Market, and will make every effort to purchase on the most favorable terms.
July 15th, 1862. jy20

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For British Columbia and Vancouver Island.
OFFICE—MACDONALD & CO., BANKERS,
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The superiority of the accommodation and entertainment on board the Royal Mail Steamers, together with the time occupied on the passage between England and Victoria DIRECT being so much shorter than by any other route, and the moderate rate of passage money, render this Company's steamers the CHEAPEST AND MOST EXPEDITIOUS MEANS OF TRANSIT for passengers or for the forwarding of Goods and Treasure from Aspinwall to Europe.
Under an arrangement with the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, Specie and Bullion can be moved to London and Havre in France.
Further information on the subject of Freight, Passage money, &c., will be furnished by the undersigned
ALEX. D. MACDONALD,
Agent.
jv12

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Corner of Wharf and Johnson streets,
VICTORIA, V. I.
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DICKSON, DeWolf & Co., San Francisco.
m21-3m
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INTELLIGENCE OFFICE,
Money Loaned on Good Security,
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In cases requiring a Power of Attorney, security will be furnished. Office—up stairs, corner Yates and Langley streets, Victoria. my24 3m

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COMPRESSED
Meats and Vegetables,
Packed in 10-lb. Tins of cases of 100 lbs. each,
Expressly for British Columbia Trade.
For sale in quantities to suit, by
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mar28

G. VIGNOLO & CO.,
No. 2, Reid's Block, Wharf Street,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,
—ALSO—
Importers and Agents for the best brands of French Wines and Liquors, and receive direct shipments of Havana Cigars by every steamer.
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Victoria Advertisements.

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Spectacles,
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Telescopes.
J. L. JUNGEMAN,
While returning thanks for past liberal patronage, begs to inform the Public that he has now on hand Goods to the amount of **\$40,000**, of the
Newest Styles
—AND MOST—
SUPERIOR QUALITY,
consisting in part of—
Patent Gold & Silver Watches,
Fully equal to CHRONOMETER TIMEPIECES, from the Manufactory of LANGE, DRESDEN, universally acknowledged as the best European make. More than a dozen of these magnificent Watches are already disposed of to gentlemen in this city and country, each one giving the most entire satisfaction.
—ALSO—
A Great Variety of
GOLD AND SILVER
WATCHES
FROM OTHER MAKERS,
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
MARINE, PENDULUM,
—AND—
French Bronze Clocks,
ALL OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.
—AND—
Diamond Jewelry
Of every description. **Fine Gold Ladies' Buckles, Gentlemen's Gold Shirts, Scarf Pins, Gold and Silver Pencils, Rings, Ear-Rings, Necklaces, Chains, Lockets, charms, &c.**
MUSICAL BOXES
LARGE and SMALL, varying in price from **\$5 00** to **\$200**. Amongst them will be found the most popular Music of all Nations, China not excepted.
—AND—
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In the Optician Department, will be found the largest and most varied assortment of GOLD, SILVER and STEEL SPECTACLES north of San Francisco, suitable for all ages and every description of sight; together with
Opera Glasses, Eye Glasses, Ship's Surveyors' and Miner's Compasses, Mathematical Instruments, Microscopes, Telescopes, Miners' Gold Scales, Levels, One Hour Half Hour and 3 Minute Rosewood Sand Glasses, &c., &c.
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CHURCHES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS supplied with TIMEPIECES on the most reasonable terms.
CHRONOMETERS, WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY REPAIRED with the utmost despatch, and WARRANTED.
YATES STREET.
(Opposite Langley Street.)
VICTORIA, V. I.
46 1m

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, DEC. 24.

AN ACCOUNT OF A JOURNEY OVERLAND FROM CANADA TO BRITISH COLUMBIA DURING THE SUMMER OF 1862, EMBRACING A GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE COUNTRY, TOGETHER WITH THE VARIOUS INCIDENTS, DIFFICULTIES AND DANGERS ENCOUNTERED; FOR CIRCULATION IN THE EASTERN BRITISH COLONIES. BY MR. THOMAS MCMICKING, OF QUEENSTON, CANADA, WEST.

Continued from our last.

At 9 o'clock on Wednesday morning, the 9th of July, we reached Fort Pitt. This is another Hudson Bay station, and is situated on the north side of the North Saskatchewan, nearly midway between the Carleton House and Edmonton. Between Fort Pitt and Edmonton there are two trails, one on each side of the river; but neither of them is very plain as the Hudson Bay Company travel between these points chiefly by boats. We had not experienced much difficulty in following the trail since we were deserted by our first guide, but the gentleman in charge of Fort Pitt advised us not to attempt the remainder of the route with a guide, and recommended one Mitchell, an Iroquois Indian, to serve in that capacity. He also advised us to take the trail on the south side of the river, as it was better and shorter than that upon the north side. We found Mitchell a faithful and intelligent guide, and were convinced of the wisdom of the course we had adopted before reaching Edmonton, as the trail was so indistinct that it would have been impossible to have found it without a guide. We therefore re-crossed to the south side, our transit being safely accomplished in the same manner as our previous crossing, and camped on the bank where we remained until Thursday morning, when we resumed our journey. An exciting chase after a pair of fawns took place on Thursday afternoon, and served to relieve the monotony of our march although no one was fortunate enough to capture the animals. On Friday morning Mr. Jno. Fannin shot a very large wolf, that had returned too near to our camp. Hitherto the weather had been singularly favorable for our purpose; we had not been delayed a single day on account of rain, and altogether our journey had been tolerably comfortable; but now we were to have a change in the programme. At half-past 4 o'clock this afternoon it began raining heavily, and continued, with but little intermission, during the whole succeeding eleven days. We camped for the night at 5 o'clock, after being thoroughly wet, and remained there until Monday morning, the 14th, the rain pouring the whole time. At this time, the weather having cleared up for a little, we struck our tents and pushed forward, as we were desirous of making the best possible use of our time, but had not proceeded very far when we were compelled to halt again, as the rain was coming down in torrents and wetting everything in our camp. And thus we plodded along, at one time driving on regardless of the rain, and at another time camping in a vain attempt to keep ourselves and our provisions dry. But a new difficulty now presented itself. The country through which we were now passing was traversed and intersected by innumerable streams, tributaries of the Saskatchewan, and these had become so much swollen by the extraordinary floods as to render fording impossible. The only way we could get over was by bridging, and to such an extent had the water risen that between the 18th and 21st we built eight bridges, averaging from forty to one hundred feet in length, besides wading without much ceremony through everything not more than four feet in depth. Upon one occasion, when the water from one of these streams was spread to a great distance over the adjoining plain, and after we had waded for at least half a mile up to our waists, it became a question with some of the company whether it was really the Overland Route, that we were travelling, but all doubt upon the subject was at once removed by an assurance from Mr. Fannin that it was at least three feet overland where he had tried it. On Monday, the 21st day of July, at half-past 7 o'clock in the afternoon, we reached the crossing of the Saskatchewan at a point directly opposite to the Edmonton House, the sight of which was the signal for a hearty and tumultuous cheer, which was repeated again and again as the different parties came up, until the surrounding forests re-echoed with the sound. During the preceding eleven days our clothing had never been dry, we had just passed through what we considered a pretty tough time, and the tall, worn, faded, and tattered appearance of the company was in striking and amusing contrast with our appearance a few months before; so marked, in fact, was the change that our most intimate friends at home could scarcely have recognized us. But our courage was still unbroken, and although we had been much longer on the road than we anticipated, we had yet full confidence in our ability to reach the El Dorado of our hopes. All the boats at this point belonging to the Hudson Bay Company had been carried away by the unusual floods a few days before our arrival, so that we had no facilities for crossing, and we were compelled to remain in camp, on the opposite side of the river, until Thursday, the 25th, when those who had been sent down the river after the boats returned with them. We then crossed the Saskatchewan for the fourth time, in the same manner as we had previously done, all getting over safely. We had often heard and read of the beauty and fertility of the great Saskatchewan valley; but until after travelling through it for nearly a month after travelling through it, that all description had failed us, we were satisfied that a full and accurate idea of the valley, its vast extent, the exuberance of its vegetation, its surpassing beauty of some of its parts, or its dense population; that, in short, the country must be seen to be appreciated. The Hudson Bay Company cultivate a small portion of land at each of their stations; and from the value returns they obtain for their labor, and the value set upon flour by the people about the forts, as evinced by the eagerness with which they bought that article from our company, paying any price we might set upon it, it was a matter of surprise to us that more attention was not paid to agriculture, and particularly to the cultivation of

wheat. Sufficient, however, was grown to give us an idea of the productiveness of the soil. From Mr. Brazeau, the gentleman in charge of the Edmonton House during the absence of Mr. Christie, the master, we learned that from a field of ten acres they reaped four hundred bushels, or forty bushels to the acre, of prime wheat, equal to an average sample of Canadian wheat, and, what is more extraordinary, that wheat had been grown in the same field year after year in succession, for a period of about thirty years, and that, too, without the application of a particle of manure. The field was under the same crop again this year; it was just headed out when we were there, and promised a fair yield, although it was considerably injured by the drought that prevailed here in the early part of the season, as well as by the recent floods. We observed a field of barley, also, that had just headed out; it looked tolerably fair, having suffered somewhat from the same causes that effected the wheat. They consider about fifty bushels per acre an average yield. Potatoes, as well as other root-crops, grow most luxuriantly; the vines were in full blossom at the time of our visit. From a field containing about five or six acres they dug last year sixteen hundred bushels of potatoes. The root is unknown. We had an opportunity here of examining one of the natural resources of this region that will no doubt some day prove of incalculable value to the whole of this region. I refer to the vast beds of coal which crop out in the banks of the Saskatchewan at Edmonton, and extend for several hundred miles in a north-western direction. It appears in the face of the bank to six feet in thickness, and interstratified with a kind of red clay that has the appearance of having been burnt. It is very easily obtained, lying, as it does, upon the surface. Another of the probable resources of this country, and which may yet be a chief agent in attracting hither a large population, is gold. The precious metal does exist in nearly all the streams flowing through the Hudson Bay Territory, east of the Rocky Mountains, is beyond all question, since we seldom failed to raise the color wherever we prospected; but that it may be found in paying quantities is yet somewhat problematical.

To be Continued.

To the Editor of the British Columbian.

Sir,—My attention has been called to an article in the *Daily Chronicle*, a *Vancouver Island* newspaper, in respect to a union of that Colony with British Columbia. I have noted the circumstance that the *Chronicle* is a *Vancouver Island* newspaper in italics, because I wish to call the attention of your Downing Street readers to the fact that none but *Vancouver Island* Journals have ever advocated this line of policy, which, if carried out, cannot but prove most disastrous to the best interests of this Colony.

Our local press, representing in this respect most truthfully the wishes of the inhabitants of this young but thriving portion of Her Majesty's dominions, has always stood up manfully to do battle on our behalf; and has endeavored to protect us from the fatal embrace of our covetous and jealous would-be sister.

A resident British Columbian cannot be found, either in the Government ranks or amongst the public generally, so recreant to the duties he owes to the Colony, his fellow colonists and himself, as to wish for the union of these Colonies, upon any terms whatever. The fact, sir, that British Columbia does not wish for a union, and that Vancouver Island alone is anxious for it, will be sufficient to prove to the Duke of Newcastle that such a union would be not only very objectionable, but also the cause of great dissatisfaction to the colonists of British Columbia, and tend in a great measure to lessen their loyalty towards the mother country. The Duke of Newcastle is aware that no one resident in British Columbia has addressed him advocating a union. All such applications have been addressed to him from Vancouver Island alone.

Our prosperity has been greatly interfered with by the absence of the Governor of this Colony with a portion of his official staff in Vancouver Island. But notwithstanding our advancement has thus been checked, the progress we have made has been very rapid, and we are making increasingly rapid strides every year. Our revenue, which in 1859 was about \$225,000, has increased to \$450,000, having doubled itself in three years. The Capital of the Colony, (New Westminster) the site of which was judiciously chosen by our respected Chief Commissioner of Lands & Works, Colonel Moody, R.E., was in 1859 a dense forest. This has not only been cut down, but in its place has sprung up a town of 1800 inhabitants, exclusive of the detachment of Royal Engineers, about 250 more; making a total of upwards of 2000 inhabitants.

Vancouver Island has not progressed as satisfactorily. It is true, that owing to misrepresentations persistently made in reference to the capabilities of our British Columbian harbors, emigrants who left their homes with the intention of settling in British Columbia, have been compelled to call at, and have been induced to stop at Victoria, and in consequence that town has doubled its population since 1859. But her revenue is nearly at a stand still; for during the past three years it has but increased about 20 per cent, and is now under \$120,000.

In this circumstance can be found the true reason for the wish of the inhabitants of Vancouver Island to have the Colonies united; our revenue being nearly four times the amount of theirs they wish to obtain a portion of it, and of course would be happy to enter into a partnership on half dividends, by which they would if the proposed partnership had been entered into this year have gained and we should have lost upwards of \$150,000. A union cannot be brought about for the people of this Colony have nothing to gain by it. It is a fallacy to think that any saving would be effected in Government expenditure by a union; for even if a few officials were disbanded in consequence of such an arrangement, those who were retained would expect higher salaries, which would more than make up for the salaries of those discharged. One of the Colonies would likewise suffer, as British Colonies would likewise suffer, from the establishment, from the absence of the Governor.

If the *Chronicle* and the people of Vancouver Island wish to secure our respect and good

wishes, they can only do so by giving up at once all idea of a union with this Colony. As colonists we are quite satisfied with the country of our adoption, and do not wish to have any kind of political union with our small, less populous, less important and less wealthy neighbour.

JOHN BOLL.

New Westminster, Dec. 22nd, 1862.

To the Editor of the British Columbian.

Sir,—Since my last communication the new steamer *Reliance* has arrived and been plying constantly, and I hope, profitably both to her noble captain and the public generally. I fully concur with the population here in believing her to be the most commodious and handsome craft that has ever run on the Fraser. We wish her every success. There is quite a furor about the wagon road and trail to Yale; but we have not been able to ascertain anything definite with regard to either as yet. There are a good many here anxiously waiting in hopes of obtaining employment when they commence. I understand the Hope Silver Mining Company are nearly idle for want of proper materials to carry on the work in their tunnel. The Columbia Ledge Company, organized in '60, have resumed labor on their ledge for the coming season. This latter company I understand is composed of the mining element in the vicinity; and from the indications on the surface, they are confident of striking the ledge from one to one hundred and twenty-five feet. Their tunnel is about twelve hundred feet north of the Hope Company's. We are overjoyed here to learn of your release from prison. And, sir, allow me to say, on behalf of the community, that the course you have pursued in exposing the corruption of the officials in this Colony receives the sanction of every right minded person; and I hope they will have the effect of exterminating a system unparalleled in the history of any new country. Do not let the late incident check you in your public career as an advocate of the liberty of the press and the people's rights; and knowing you have the sympathy of the whole country, we sincerely hope it may not deter you in exposing the double game practiced by some persons whom I will not name, lest I may share the fate which others have recently undergone. We hope that the affair may be properly represented in the right quarter. The weather is very mild here, considering the advanced season, more so I believe than since the mining era commenced.

C.

Fort Hope, Dec. 19th, 1862.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.—A meeting was held on Tuesday evening for the purpose of organizing a St. Andrew's Society. Mr. Peacock was called to the Chair, and Mr. D. Ramage acted as Secretary. The Chairman explained the object of the meeting in a few appropriate remarks, after which the Society was duly organized and the following gentlemen unanimously elected officers for the current year: Colonel Moody, R.E., President; Mr. Peacock, 1st Vice President; Sergeant McMurphy, R.E., 2nd Vice President; Mr. D. Ramage, Secretary; Mr. John Robinson, Treasurer; Messrs J. T. Scott, John Murray, William Grieve, Alexander White and Corpl. Byers, Committee. A committee, consisting of Messrs John Ramage, John Graham and Alexander Nelson, was appointed for the purpose of drafting a Constitution and By-Laws to be submitted to the next regular meeting, on the 2nd Tuesday in January.

GOLD MINES IN MORMONDOM.—It appears from latest accounts that the fact of the existence of rich gold mines in the vicinity of Salt Lake City is pretty well established; but the matter is kept secret, and the miners looked up by the Mormon authorities for obvious reasons. How long they will be able to carry out this policy is a question for the future to decide; but we opine the "Gentiles" will not easily be kept out when it comes to be generally known that "New Jerusalem" really contains rich gold mines. It is now believed that the coinage issued by the "Saints" is from the produce of these mines.

A COURSE OF LECTURES.—Arrangements are in process by which a course of lectures for the winter will be given. A number of gentlemen have already consented to take part in the matter. So soon as the arrangements are matured the programme will be duly announced.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—Altho' we have repeatedly announced that communications unaccompanied by the author's name can receive no notice, this most necessary and proper rule continues to be disregarded. We repeat that we cannot depart from this rule; the name must in every instance accompany the article.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.—Mr. S. T. Tilley has just opened up a choice lot of fancy goods suitable for holiday presents. Better give him an early call.

A MERRY CHRISTMAS to all our kind patrons, and many returns of the season.

THANKS to Mr. W. F. Herre, of Victoria, for a supply of papers, and to Messrs. Dietz & Nelson for Express favors.

THE BISHOP OF OXFORD GOES TO HEAR DR. GUTHRIE.—The *London Times* says: "The Bishop of Oxford, who is at present on a visit to Mr. Nesbit Hamilton, at Archerfield, East Lothian, preached on Sunday-week in St. John's Episcopal Church, Edinburgh. In the afternoon he attended Divine service in St. John's Free Church, to hear the Rev. Dr. Guthrie—the first time, perhaps, the Scottish Free Church has received the visit of an Anglican Bishop. On Thursday his Lordship officiated, by commission from the Bishop of Edinburgh, at the consecration of the Church of St. Baldred's at North Berwick."

THE QUEEN'S RETURN.—We clip the following from the *Court Circular*:-

"OSBORNE, Oct. 26.—Her Majesty the Queen arrived at a fine passage from Flushing in the Victoria and Albert. The Royal yacht was anchored there for the night. Her Majesty proceeded to Woolwich this morning and disembarked there at 1 o'clock, p.m. The Queen, with the Royal family and suite, arrived at Osborne this afternoon, shortly after 5 o'clock. Divine service was performed by the Rev. G. Prothero soon afterwards."

New Advertisements.

R. P. MEAD,
Sign, Fancy and
ORNAMENTAL PAINTER.
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Transparencies, Shades and Screens

PAINTED TO ORDER AND WITH DISPATCH.

Up-country orders solicited.

Office, on Columbia Street.

New Westminster, December 8th, 1862. d10 to

S. T. TILLEY,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
COLUMBIA STREET,
NEW WESTMINSTER.

IMPORTING by nearly every steamer from San Francisco and Victoria, an assortment of

English and American Novels,
Bound Books, comprising all the Standard Works.POETRY AND FICTION,
a fine assortment ofFamily and Small Pocket Bibles,
Wesleyan Hymn and Presbyterian Psalm Books,
Catholic and Church of England Prayer and Hymn Books.

STATIONERY.

Blank Cards of every description and color, Foolscap, Folio Post, Letter and Note Paper of every size and quality, all sizes and colors of Envelopes to suit the various descriptions of paper.

Memorandum and Blank Books,

Consisting of Metallic Note-Books, Pass and Cargo Books, Tame Books, Tuck Memorandums, of all kinds and sizes, Ledgers, Journals, Cash and Day Books, full and half bound, Red, Blue, Black, and Indelible Ink in bottles of all sizes. Steel and Quill Pens, Sealingwax, of all colors, Seals, Red Tapes, and

Every other Article in the Stationery Line.

Musical Instruments,
(DIRECT FROM SAN FRANCISCO.)
Guitars, Banjos, Violins, Accordions, Flutes, Clarionets, Flutes, etc., etc.

Newspapers and Periodicals.

The latest Newspapers of the day received from all parts of the world, if required. All British and American Reviews, Magazines, Periodicals, and New Novels, by the best Authors, received by every steamer.

Maps, Plans, &c.

Plans of all the Cities and Towns on the Fraser River, Maps of Cariboo and the whole country West of the Rocky Mountains.

All of the above will be sold at Victoria prices, with the duties added.

Orders from the Upper Country punctually attended to.

Orders for articles not in Stock, can be obtained with the utmost dispatch.

S. T. TILLEY,

Colonial Book Store.

New Westminster, July 8th, 1862. j19

W. J. ARMSTRONG,
OPPOSITE LIVERPOOL WHARF,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.,
Wholesale and Retail

DEALER IN

Groceries, Provisions, Hardware,

Paints, Oils, Crockery and Glassware.

JUST RECEIVED a new stock, the best assortment in J. British Columbia, which will be sold CHEAP FOR CASH, and Cash only, except to Families having a permanent residence in the city, with whom monthly payments will be opened.

N. B.—Fresh Butter from Mr. McRoberts', Pitt River, and Langley Ranches, constantly on hand.

j16 to

E. STEVENSON, M. D.,
Licentiate Canada,
HAVING arrived via Overland Route, begs to acquaint the inhabitants of New Westminster that he has established himself for practice in their City. Office, in the building lately occupied by Barnard's Express.

New Westminster, Oct. 29, 1862. n01

M. J. BLACKMAN,
MANUFACTURER OF
Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron,
AND DEALER IN
Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Crockery,
and Glassware.

JOBBER done in a neat manner, and with dispatch. LEADERS and GUTTERS made on short notice, and at reasonable prices.

New Westminster, April 28, 1862. ap30 to

New Boot and Shoe Shop
MARTY STREET, OPPOSITE THE TREASURY,
Boots and Shoes made and repaired.

W. WOODMAN.

New Westminster Feb. 1861. f12-1m.

FRESH VEGETABLES.
THE SUBSCRIBER is now prepared to supply the City with Fresh Vegetables of all sorts, in season, at the most moderate rates.

S. W. HERRING.

Herring's Ranch, July 4th, 1862.

New Advertisements.

W. M. SEARBY & J. MOORE,
IMPORTERS OF
Drugs and Chemicals,
PATENT MEDICINES,
PAINTS AND OILS,
WINDOW GLASS, &c.,
GOVERNMENT STREET,
VICTORIA, V. I.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

HENRY NATHAN

OFFERS FOR SALE,

Ex "Somass," from London,

BLANKETS, 2½ and 3 point, blue;

2½ and 3 do black;

2½ and 3 do scarlet;

2½ and 3 do white;

CLOTHING: Suits Jackets, Black and Fancy.

Trowsers, Vests, Tunics, etc.

LADIES' BL'K AND QUILTED PETTICOAT.

—000—

Ex "Thames," from London.

Drapery: Extra quality 4½ and 5½ point all Wool Shawls, French wove Long Shawls, Gold Flax, Gold Braid, Tassels, Girdles, etc.

Silk and Velvet Trimmings, Madras Printed Handkerchiefs, Bl'k Silk Ribbon Velvets.

Gentlemen and Ladies' Side Saddles, extra quality

Bridles, Bits, Whips, Curb Chains, etc., etc.

LIQUORS.

Martell's Pale Brandy, in ½ casks;

Hennessy's Pale Brandy, in ½ casks;

Jamaica Rum, 30 per cent O. P.;

Red Cases Geneva, J. D. K. Z. Brand;

Champagne, in one doz. cases;

Duff Gordon's Pale Sherry, in ½ casks;

Duff Gordon's Golden Sherry, in ½ casks;

Port Wine, bottled in Oporto, extra quality;

Claret, in one doz. cases.

Ale, Allsopp's Pale;

Muir's Scotch;

Marzetti's;

Scotch Whiskey, in 1 doz. cases;

Ginger Brandy, do do

Old Tom, Scotch Whiskey, Liqueurs, Bitters, &c., &c.

GRIMBLE'S NO. 22 MALT VINEGAR.

Candles, Pickles, &c., &c.

A choice assortment of Men's Cotton, Merino and Fancy Half Hose.

Scarlet and Blue West of England Cloths;

Butchers' Knives, 4, 5, and 6 inch.

Iron Tea and Table Spoons;

Blue, Green, Red, Black, and Brown Gingham Umbrellas;

Table Knives and Forks, separate and in sets;

&c., &c., &c.

Ex "W. B. Stanton," from San Francisco.

Tea, US in diamond,

China Sugar,

Coffee,

Chicken Feed,

Potatoes,

Salt,

Vinegar,

Soaps,

Mustard,

Starch,

Blacking,

Lard

Cheese.

Ex "Onward."

Java and Manila Coffee;

Batavia Rice, equal to Car;

Mauritius Sugar;

Tea, in small boxes.

East India arrow Powders.

Almonds, Raisins, Olives, Candies, &c., &c.

PAINTER & CO.,

Practical Printers, and Dealers in

Type, Presses, Printing Materials,

Ink, Paper, Cards, &c.,

510 Clay Street, above Sansome,

San Francisco.

J. B. PAINTER

J. M. PAINTER

J. P. PAINTER

ap18 to

KWONG LEE & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Importers and Dealers in all kinds of
CHINESE GOODS,
Rice, Sugar, Tea, Provisions, etc., etc.,
COMMONS STREET,
Between Government and Douglas streets,
ap30 VICTORIA, V. I. 6m

LANGLEY BROS.,
Importing Druggists,
YATES STREET,
VICTORIA, V. I.,
are constantly receiving
Drugs and Chemicals,
Patent Medicines,
Surgical Instruments,
Paints and Oils,
Window Glass, &c., &c., &c.

—ALSO—

Just received a large assortment of reliable Garden,

Field, and Flower Seeds, which they offer at moderate

prices. mart-1c

New Advertisements.

THE DOCTOR FOR ALL HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

CHEST COMPLAINTS.
No disease is more frequent, few more dangerous, than affections of the respiratory organs. The first symptoms of catarrh, bronchitis, and influenza, may be radically removed by Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly remedy any temporary stagnation of blood, relieve any overgrown veins, moderate the hurried breathing, and enable the lungs to do their office with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their purifying powers, cleanse the blood from all impurities, and fortify the system against consumption, asthma, and similar complaints.

STOMACH, LIVER, KIDNEYS AND BOWELS.
From various causes these organs are frequently getting out of order, and require some suitable medicine to regulate them. Holloway's Pills effect this object with wonderful celerity and certainty. They do not distress the system, or weaken the frame; they thoroughly invigorate the digestive organs. They gently excite the stomach and liver, stimulate the kidneys to perform their functions efficiently, and act upon the bowels without griping or any other annoyance; again, taken at hour before dinner, they cause the equalization of the blood, and thus prevent acidity, flatulency, nausea, and biliousness.

WINDY OR WATERY DROPSY.
Whoever is afflicted with these complaints, should at once have recourse to Holloway's Pills. They act most energetically on the glandular and absorbent system, purify the blood, and impart a vigorous action to other causes may be temporarily taken away. They excite the kidneys to increased activity, and the liver to cleanse the absorbents to remove the fluid already collected.

DISORDERS PECULIAR TO WOMEN.
There is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills for correcting the ailments incidental to females. They may be taken with safety for any irregularity of the system. As they remove all cause of malady, and so restore, by their grand purifying properties, females of all ages to robust health.

INFLUENZA, DIPHTHERIA AND SORE THROAT.
How all-important it is to check the first departure from health! All may do so by taking Holloway's Pills, without risk or restriction. In all diseases affecting the blood, nerves, and muscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat, colds, coughs, asthma, and shortness of breath, the earlier they are taken the better.

CHILDREN'S COMPLAINTS.
Diseases incidental to children, such as feverish attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and all diseases of the skin, may be immediately checked, and soon cured, by these purifying Pills, which may be reduced to a powder, and given in doses of one, two, or three pills, according to the age of the sufferer. Holloway's Ointment is soothing, cooling, and healing; and is better adapted than any other remedy for all external ailments.

INDIGESTION, BILE AND SICK HEADACHES.
No organ in the human body is so liable to disorder as the liver, and none is more apt, when neglected, to become seriously diseased. When nausea, flatulency or acidity on the stomach, warns us that digestion is not proceeding properly, Holloway's Pills regulate every function, give strength to every organ, speedily remove all causes of indigestion, bile and sick headaches, and effect a permanent cure.

LEMPAGO, RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.
In these diseases the blood is always in a highly inflammatory state; the stomach is also disordered, and the liver and kidneys unnaturally torpid. A few doses of these Pills, taken in time, will rectify all these symptoms by their cooling and purifying properties.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Female Irregularities	Retention of Urine
Asthma	Scarcity of Menstruation	Scarcity of Menstruation
Bilious Complaints	Fever of all kinds	Sore Throat
Blotches on the Skin	Gravel	Stomach and Bowel Complaints
Bowel Complaints	Gout	Secondary Symptoms
Colic	Head-ache	Tic Douloureux
Constipation of the Bowels	Indigestion	Tumors
Debility	Jundice	Venereal Affections
Dropsy	Liver Complaints	Worms of all kinds
Dysentery	Lumbago	Weakness from whatever cause
Erysipelas	Piles	&c., &c.
	Rheumatism	

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 1d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Box.

* There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.
N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.
CURTIS & MOORE, and LANGLEY BROS. S. Agents.
Yates-street, Victoria, V. I. fe27 ly

CITY BAKERY —AND— COFFEE SALOON.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has removed to his new and commodious establishment on the Corner of Columbia and Hall Streets, where he hopes to receive from a generous and discriminating public an extended patronage, commensurate with his increased facilities for accommodating them.

Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Pies and Cakes, supplied at all hours, and at reduced rates.

Orders for WEDDINGS and PARTIES promptly attended to.

New Westminster, Aug. 18, 1862. JAMES ALLAN. au23

SAFES! SAFES!

F. TILMAN,
90 Battery-street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

SOLE AGENT for Tilton & McFarland's celebrated Fire-proof and Burglar Safes. This safe is well known in the market for its unsurpassed fire-proof quality, having withstood in California, as well as in the East, the hottest fires known. We can refer to endless certificates from parties in our mining towns, where these safes have been subjected to the most severe tests of their fire-proof qualities. The safes are secured by our Combination Lock. This lock is in every respect the most secure one in use; it requires the key and combination to open the safe. If the key should be abstracted from the owner, it would be perfectly useless to the possessor. Without his knowledge of the combination, or without the key, which the owner carries in his hand. To those in want of a reliable safe we offer the above cheaper than any other in the market.

A large assortment on hand and to arrive.
F. TILMAN,
90 Battery-st., San Francisco. ap11

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.



British Columbia.

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
26th July, 1862.

WHEREAS in the absence of a Government Gazette, and a distinct and separate publication, Official Notices and Advertisements have heretofore appeared in the "BRITISH COLUMBIAN" Newspaper, published at New Westminster; Now, this is to give Notice that all Official Notices and Advertisements heretofore so published in the said "BRITISH COLUMBIAN" Newspaper, shall be taken and deemed in all respects to have been published in the Government Gazette; and all Official Notices and Advertisements hereafter to be issued, which should of custom or necessity appear in the Government Gazette, shall until further notice, when published in the columns of the aforesaid Newspaper, be likewise taken and deemed in all cases, and for all purposes whatsoever, to have been duly published in the Government Gazette.

By order of the Governor,
WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

TO CHAS. OPPENHEIMER, WALTER MOBERLY, and all others whom it may concern,
Notice is hereby given that the contract of the 16th day of August, 1862, and endorsement between myself and you has been and is declared forfeited, for breach of stipulations thereof, to the use of the Government.
Dated this 14th day of October, A. D., 1862.
R. C. MOODY,
Col. R. E. and Chief Commissioner.

Lands and Works Department,
New Westminster. oc15

PUBLIC NOTICE.

A PORTION OF LAND in Cut-Off Valley at and about the 47th Mile Post on the Road from Lillooet, extending half a mile along the said road across the Valley as shown by Posts on the ground, is Reserved by the Government as the possible site of a future town.

R. C. MOODY,
Colonel R. E.
Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works.
New Westminster, 18th September, 1862.

Government Assay Office,

NEW WESTMINSTER, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ASSAYS OF GOLD BULLION are made on the following terms, and under the following conditions:—

1. A receipt will be given to the Depositor for the exact gross weight of his deposit.
2. The resulting ingot will be delivered to any party returning the aforesaid receipt, whether the Depositor or any one else, and the party returning the receipt will be required to cancel it by his signature at the time of receiving the ingot.
3. Each ingot will be stamped with its number, corresponding to its number in the official records, with its weight, in ounces and decimals of ounces, if its fineness in thousandths, and its value in dollars and cents also with a Government cipher, a crown encircled by the words, "BRITISH COLUMBIA GOVERNMENT ASSAY"; thus



and the clip corner will be protected by a small crown stamped on the face of it.
4. With each ingot will be given a certificate, signed by a Government officer, of the weight of the deposit before melting; its weight after; the fineness; the charge for assaying; and the value in dollars and cents.
5. For all bars not exceeding 50 ounces in weight, a charge of seven shillings and six pence (7s. 6d.) sterling will be made, and for every additional 10 ounces or fraction of same, one shilling and six pence (1s. 6d.).
[All clips are retained in the Government Assay Office; but on bars not exceeding 10 ounces in weight, allowance will be made off the assay charge, for the value of the clip.]

N. B.—Bars assayed at this office, or by any other assayer, will be exchanged for American coin, at the current market rates.
ASSAYS OF ORES are made at the charge of One Pound (£1) for each specimen experimented upon.
FOR A COMPLETE ANALYSIS OF ANY MINERAL, Two Pounds (£2) is the charge.
W. DRISCOLL GOSSET.

P. S.—Useful geological specimens, whether metallic or not, if accompanied by a note of the locality where found, position with regard to other rocks, altitude, dip, &c., &c., will be thankfully received by me.
W. D. G.

Notice to the Public.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Contract has been entered into with FRANCIS JONES BARRAD, (Barrad's Express), for the conveyance of the Government Mails, as undermentioned:

From New Westminster to Douglas, Hope, Yale, Lytton and Lillooet, and return, weekly.

From 1st April to 30th November.

From New Westminster to Douglas, Hope, Yale, Lytton, Lillooet, to Williams Lake and on to Antler, and return semi-monthly.

From New Westminster to Douglas, Hope, Yale, Lytton and Lillooet, and return semi-monthly.

From 1st December to 31st March.

WARNER R. SPALDING, J. P.,
Postmaster General B. C.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Block of Land is Reserved for the present, viz:—
On the South side of Burrard Inlet—from the Second Narrows measured 3 miles Westwards and one mile backwards from the Water.
There is also Reserved from Pre-emption for the present, all the Country Land lying between the aforesaid Reserve and Mr. French's Pre-emption Claim on the Douglas-Street Road—Mr. French's is about 3 miles from the Royal Avenue.

R. C. MOODY,
Colonel R. E. and Chief Commissioner.
Lands and Works Department,
New Westminster, 24th Sept., 1862.

Notice to the Public.

RATES OF POSTAGE between the undermentioned places, in all cases to be prepaid.

TO	FROM	NEW WESTMINSTER.	DOUGLAS.	HOPE.	YALE.	LYTTON.	WILLIAMS LAKE.	QUEENSLAND.	ANTLER.
New Westminster.	New Westminster.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.
New Westminster.	Douglas.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.
New Westminster.	Hope.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.
New Westminster.	Yale.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.
New Westminster.	Lytton.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.
New Westminster.	Williams Lake.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.
New Westminster.	Queensland.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.
New Westminster.	Antler.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.	4d.

WARNER R. SPALDING, J. P.,
Postmaster General B. C.
General Post Office, British Columbia,
1st July, 1862. jy23

NEW Furniture and Stove Emporium.

THE SUBSCRIBERS would announce to the inhabitants of New Westminster, and British Columbia generally, that they have removed their

Furniture and Stove Warehouse to their New Building, Columbia Street, and having made arrangements for

DIRECT IMPORTATION

FROM THE

BEST MARKETS,

are prepared to sell all articles in their line at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Orders are respectfully invited from all parts of the Colony, and will receive prompt and careful attention.
CUNNINGHAM & ASHWELL.
New Westminster, July 29th, 1862. jy30

PIONEER SALOON.

Mr. J. T. SCOTT

HAS THE PLEASURE of informing his old friends, and the travelling public generally, that he is still to be found at the north-east corner of Lytton-square, where the thirsty are invited to call and try a sample

—OF HIS—

Wines, Ales and Liquors,

which he flatters himself are as good as can be produced in the Colony. In connection with the Saloon he has just opened a splendid

Billiard Hall,

which is furnished with three first-class Billiard Tables, with marble beds and Phelan's composition cushions; and being well lighted and ventilated, possesses all the facilities for enjoying a quiet game at Billiards. July 11

MILK.

THE SUBSCRIBER would inform his customers, and the public, that he will continue regularly to supply the city during the summer season with new milk of the best quality.

S. W. HERRING.
Herring's Ranch, 2nd July, 1862. jy5

LILLOOET ROUTE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING REFITTED THE

PEMBERTON HOUSE.

FOR THE

Accommodation of Travellers,

WITH

BEDS AND LIQUORS,

AND having engaged the best Cooks on the Pacific Coast, are prepared to furnish the travelling public with all the comforts and luxuries of a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL, at greatly reduced rates.

N. B.—Travellers will find it to their advantage to patronize this House, as none but the best of everything will be furnished.

P. SMITH & CO.
sc13
Pemberton, Sept. 12th, 1862.

JUST RECEIVED.

AT THE

GOVERNMENT BAKERY,

AND

FAMILY GROCERY.

1000 Sacks Golden Gate Flour.

400 " Crescent City "
400 " Pioneer "
400 " National "
50 " Pacific "
50 kegs Golden Syrup. (superior.)
50 boxes Candles.
25 cases Lard.

10,000 lbs. Oregon and Eastern Bacon, with a very large general assortment of Fresh Groceries on sale at

Unprecedentedly Low Prices.

Wholesale or Retail by

PHILIP HICK,
New Westminster, October 7th, 1862. oc7

THOMSON & TOWERS,

PACKERS.

WISH TO NOTIFY THE PUBLIC that they are prepared to forward all

GOODS

CONSIGNED TO THEIR CARE FROM

LILLOOET

to any point in the

CARIBOO

COUNTRY,

at moderate rates. Dispatch will be their motto, and every effort made to give satisfaction to those who may favor them with their patronage.

Lillooet, June 20th, 1862. jy28

BOSTON BAR

HOTEL.

BAKERY AND PROVISION STORE.

THE Subscribers flatter themselves that they will give entire satisfaction to all who may favor them with their patronage. A stock of the choicest

Liquors and Cigars

constantly on hand. Also, Bread, Biscuits, Cakes, Pies etc. Prices very low.

Boston Bar, B. C., June 25, 1861. jy27

LUMBER.

CONSTANTLY on hand in the New Westminster

Lumber Yard a large assortment of

Rough and Dressed Lumber,

—ALSO—

DOORS AND WINDOWS OF ALL SIZES.

Bills of Lumber cut on the shortest notice, and orders from the interior promptly attended to.

J. A. R. HOMER.
New Westminster, Feb. 12th 1861

BONDED WAREHOUSE.

HENRY HOLBROOK,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

LIVERPOOL WHARF.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

BONDED AND FREE STORAGE for 600 tons Goods

Every accommodation given to Goods landed on the Liverpool Wharf, for shipment up river.

A large assortment of Goods for sale at Victoria prices, with the duty added.

FOR SALE!

HOMESTEADS AND VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE.

Building Lots from \$10 to \$200 Each

Also, 50 Vars Lots and Entire Blocks of Beautiful Garden Land

ON THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO, on the line of the San Jose Railroad, at the WEST-END DEPOT. The title is absolutely PERFECT, being a Spanish Grant, finally confirmed and patented by the United States.

The Shafter Bill respects this Title.

The City Authorities respect it.

The District Courts and

Supreme Court of the United States respect it

Besides the Title has been forever quieted by a Final Decree and Judgment against the City!

So that there is not even a cloud or shadow upon it. Whoever purchases one of these lots will buy a lot and not a lawsuit.

Office, No. 19 Naglee's Building, corner of Montgomery and Merchant streets, San Francisco.
HARVEY S. BROWN. jy30

New Advertisements.

EASE AND HEALTH TO THE SKIN. HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

DISORDERS OF THE SKIN.

Universal approbation has been awarded to this famous Ointment for its efficiency in removing diseases of the skin. For scrofula, scurvy, scald heads, and all eruptions of the skin, both in infancy and mature years, no remedy can be applied which so quickly cures as Holloway's Ointment. In the nursery it should always be at hand to ease the many skin affections to which the majority of children are liable. In all heat of tooth-rashes, the Ointment is wonderfully cooling and curative. To soldiers, sailors, miners, and travellers in foreign lands, it is invaluable.

SORES, WOUNDS, BAD BREASTS, BAD LEGS.

In this class of maladies, an improvement in the appearance of the disease of the patient, follows the first dressing with the Ointment.

It must not only be smeared on the wound, or sore, but the bristly rubbed for some inches round about the diseased swollen or painful parts. It will penetrate to the blood vessels, nerves, and muscles, and enter to the bone, and will exercise the most wholesome, healing, and purifying power over every tissue requisite for thorough repairment. The effect of the Ointment is increased by fomenting with warm water before the Ointment is rubbed in; but sores, when healing, should never be cleansed with sponge or anything else, as the young and new flesh which appears like a cream, would be washed away.

BLOOD TO THE HEAD, APOPLEXY.

Nothing gives so much ease in these complaints from which so many suffer, as Holloway's cooling and healing Ointment. When rubbed upon the spine it acts most energetically in drawing surplus blood from the brain; even to children in teething; this Ointment has a miraculous effect in preventing fits and convulsions, so often attendant on tooth-cutting. The Pills should be used according to the directions.

RHEUMATISM, GOUT, STIFF JOINTS.

Every one suffering from these painful affections should use this purifying Ointment, as it has reached thousands from a life of torture, after every other means had been tried in vain. The Ointment should be well rubbed into the skin at least twice a day, after it has been properly fomented with warm salt water, and dried. The inflammation soon yields, and the patient no longer helpless, resumes his accustomed occupation.

GLANDULAR SWELLINGS, BRONCHITIS, MEASLES, SORE THROAT, AND DIPHTHERIA.

To combat these diseases with success, a remedy is required which will have the whole absorbent system under its control. Such a remedy is Holloway's Ointment, when rubbed on the skin; it penetrates to the glands, and removes any obstruction or impurity which may be impeding their healthy action. This Ointment acts on the very mainspring of life, for through the glands pass all new matter required for the body's repairment; in all the above class of cases, the Ointment and Pills used conjointly will act so searching, and certainly, as to effect cures in the most deplorable cases.

FISTULAS AND PILES.

All inflammations and ulcerations of sensitive parts may be presently relieved, and ultimately cured, by the diligent use of this cooling and healing Ointment, applied twice daily by bathing the parts in cold water. Immediate ease springs from this treatment; perseverance is necessary to effect a permanent cure.

ASTHMA, SHORTNESS OF BREATH.

In these complaints the Ointment should be well rubbed twice a day upon the chest, and between the shoulders; it will penetrate to the lungs, stimulate them to renewed exertions, prevent stagnation of blood, moderate the pulsations of the heart, regulate the current of air through the bronchial tubes, and thus effect a permanent cure.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:—

Bad Legs.	Chapped Hands.	Scalds.
Bad Breasts.	Contracted Joints.	Sore Nipples.
Burns.	Stiff Joints.	Sore Throats.
Bunions.	Elephantiasis.	Skin-diseases.
Bite of Mosquitoes.	Fistulas.	Scurvy.
and Sand-Flies.	Gout.	Sore-heads.
Coco-bay.	Glandular Swellings.	Tumors.
Chicago-foot.	Lungs.	Ulcers.
Corns (soft).	Lumbago.	Wounds.
Cancers.	Piles.	Yaws.
Chilblains.	Rheumatism.	

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 1d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Box.